Water Authority
Law and its Amendments No. (18) of 1988

Article (1)

This Law shall be denominated as (Water Authority Law of 1988) and shall come into effect from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

Article (2)

The following words and phrases whenever used in this Law shall have the meanings ascribed thereto, unless the context otherwise indicates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ministry</td>
<td>The Ministry of Water and Irrigation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minister</td>
<td>The Minister of Water and Irrigation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authority</td>
<td>The Water Authority established under this Law.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board</td>
<td>The Board of Directors of the Water Authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretary</td>
<td>The General Secretary of the Water Authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Water Board</td>
<td>The Board of Directors of the Water Department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>Surface and ground water from all sources including seas, lakes, rivers, springs, rain waters, dams, wells, pools, and reservoirs. This word also includes mineral water and hot water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Basin</td>
<td>Any geological zone in the Kingdom that feeds a river or its tributaries ground water, and valleys with seasonal or perennial flows. It also includes a zone as defined by a Board resolution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pollution</td>
<td>Any change that occurs to the natural, chemical or biological characteristics of water to the extent that restricts or may restrict its suitability for the intended use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sewage: Sewerage water, liquid wastes, loose water and liquid resulted from the different use of water and the exhausts they are carrying.

Water Project: Any canal, trench, flowing or dry stream of water, bank, bridge, gateway, or a building for water regulation, transformation or storage, spring, well, or a mean to extract, lift, push or distribute water or any sub-work of any kind used for water access, lifting, transformation for different use.

Sewerage Project: Facilities and Construction of works related to collecting, transporting and disposing of sewage including sewage collection systems, water transmission pipes, inspection manholes, pumping stations and treatment plants inside or outside the residential areas.

Water Treatment: Elimination of Harmful and polluting materials from water to become in conformity with the approved specifications for the intended use.

Article (3)

Pursuant to this Law, an authority to be known as Water Authority shall be established with a corporate Personality and with financial and administrative independence. This Authority shall be in its capacity to do all the legal proceedings; including owning movable and immovable funds, water rights through direct purchase or acquisition; concluding loans; accepting grants and donations; executing contracts. It shall appoint a third party to represent it in claims filed by or against this authority before the General Prosecutor or to appoint an attorney to represent it.
Sewage: Sewage water, liquid wastes, loose water and liquid resulted from the different use of water and the exhausts they are carrying.

Water Project: Any canal, trench, flowing or dry stream of water, bank, bridge, gateway, or a building for water regulation, transformation or storage, spring, well, or a mean to extract, lift, push or distribute water or any sub-work of any kind used for water access, lifting, transformation for different use.

Sewerage Project: Facilities and Construction of works related to collecting, transporting and disposing of sewage including sewage collection systems, water transmission pipes, inspection manholes, pumping stations and treatment plants inside or outside the residential areas.

Water Treatment: Elimination of Harmful and polluting materials from water to become in conformity with the approved specifications for the intended use.

Article (3)

Pursuant to this Law, an authority to be known as Water Authority shall be established with a corporate Personality and with financial and administrative independence. This Authority shall be in its capacity to do all the legal proceedings; including owning movable and immovable funds, water rights through direct purchase or acquisition; concluding loans; accepting grants and donations; executing contracts. It shall appoint a third party to represent it in claims filed by or against this authority before the General Prosecutor or to appoint an attorney to represent it.
Article (4)

The Authority, in its liaison, shall be subject to the provisions of the applicable regulation of liaison of the ministries, governmental departments and official institutions.

Article (5)

The Ministry shall be entirely responsible for the water and sewerage of the Kingdom as well as the projects related thereto and set out the water policy and report the same to the Cabinet of Ministers for its approval.

Article (6)

In order to achieve all the objectives intended by this Law, the Authority shall exercise the following duties and powers:

a- Survey and conserve the different water resources and determine aspects of water allocation the ways and the priorities upon which they shall be used, excluding the water used for irrigation; and put such implementation under supervision.

b- Set plans and programs to implement the prescribed water policies related to household, municipalities and sewerage water; control and supervise the same; develop the water resources in the Kingdom and utilize them for household and municipality purposes, including drilling productive wells; develop springs; treat and purify water; and treat sewerage water after such uses; carry out the executive works to increase the capacities and improve the quality thereof and protect them. For this purpose the (municipality water) means the water used for household, commercial, industrial, touristic purposes supplied by the public water networks.

c- Set directions for the construction of public and private wells and regulate the same; drill water in the resources thereof; drill
experimental, exploratory, productive wells and provide licenses for well-drilling, drilling machines and drillers

d- Study the water and sewerage projects, the supplements thereof, as well as the design, establishment, operation, maintenance and management thereof including aggregation, refinement, treatment and the ways of water disposal, etc.

e- Set out the terms, specifications and requirements to conserve water and water basins and protect them from pollution; provide safety for the facilities as well as for water and sewerage projects, public and private water distribution and sanitation networks; carry out the works of control and supervise the necessary examinations.

f- Carry out and follow up theoretical and applied research studies regarding water and sewerage to achieve the Authority's objective including setting out the approved water quality specifications for the different use of water and setting out the technical specifications of works and the used materials; apply the results of the Authority's projects in agreement with the other designated authorities and departments; work on disseminating such specifications and the results thereof; and circulate the applications thereof by the available means at the Authority.

g- Provide the licensed engineers and handicrafts licensed with permissions to proceed with the work of water and sewerage extensions; contribute in organizing and holding special courses to train and rehabilitate them in order to enhance the level and efficiency of work in such extension works and reduce the water losses and prevent pollution of water. Personnel working in such extensions shall conform themselves with the provisions of this paragraph and obtain the permission, as required.

h- Regulate the use of water; prevent wasting of water and reduce consumption.
Article (7)

The Authority shall be entitled to carry out any projects or responsibilities appointed thereto by the Cabinet of Ministers, upon the recommendation of the Minister, in addition to the tasks and duties it is entitled to in accordance with this Law.

Article (8)

The Authority shall have a Board of Directors, with the Minister as Board Chairman and with the following members:
a- Secretary General of the Jordan Valley Authority, as a Vice Chairman;
b- Secretary General of the Ministry of Planning;
c- Secretary General of the Ministry of Agriculture;
d- Secretary General of the Ministry of Municipal, Rural and Environmental Affairs;
e- Secretary General of the Ministry of Health;
f- Secretary General of the Ministry of Industry and Trade;
g- General Manager of the Budget Department;
h- The Secretary General;
i- A representative of the Natural Resources Authority appointed by the Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources;
j- A member with the expertise and specialization appointed for two years by the Cabinet of Ministers upon the recommendation of the Minister.

Article (9)

a- The Board shall meet when called by the Chairman. A quorum shall consist of at least seven members, one of whom shall be the Chairman, or the Vice-Chairman in the Chairman's absence. Decisions shall be taken by unanimous vote or by the simple majority of the members present. If the votes are equal, the Chairman shall cast the deciding vote.
b- Whenever necessary, the Minister may call for a joint meeting, under his chairmanship, of both the Board of the Authority and the Board of Directors formed in accordance with the law of Jordan Valley Authority then in effect or any substituted law. The legal quorum of both boards is necessary. This joint meeting of the Boards shall study all matters presented by the Minister, such as the mutual tasks assigned to both Authorities. The decision taken shall be by unanimous vote or by simple majority and shall be deemed effective under this Law and the applicable Jordan Valley Authority Law and shall be carried out by both Authorities in accordance with their specialization.

**Article (10)**

The Board shall undertake the following duties and responsibilities:

a- Set a water policy that reserves the rights of the Kingdom in all its water resources, including the development, preserve and use of the resources;
b- Approve the water policy of the Kingdom and the plans for the development and conservation of water resources; specify water distribution and uses; provide additional water resources and approve plans of water and sewerage; provide sewerage networks;
c- Study the Authority's draft bylaws and regulations and submit them to the Cabinet of Ministers for approval;
d- Study the Authority's proposed annual budget;
e- Obtain foreign and local loans with the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers;
f- Recommend to the Cabinet of Ministers the tariffs for connections, subscriptions, price rates and deposit fees that should be collected for various water and sewerage uses;
g- Invest the Authority's funds with the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers;
h- Appoint members of Water Councils in the regions.
Article (11)

a- No member of the Board of Directors or any employee of the Authority shall be entitled to be a party in any contracts, including procurements or tenders that the Authority may conclude, announce or award for the execution of the projects or works thereof. He shall not be also entitled to work in such projects or works; and shall not work in such projects or works to, directly or indirectly, earn any profit or benefit therefrom, except for the salaries, remunerations, wages received thereby as employed in the Authority or against the participation in carrying out any of the tasks assigned thereto under this Law, according to the regulations issued pursuant thereto and as permitted by the provisions thereof.

b- If any Board member or any employee in the Authority violates the provisions in paragraph (A) of this Article, he shall be subject to the legal proceedings and punishments and shall be compelled to pay back all the amounts illegally received and to compensate the Authority or any other person affected by the violation thereof.

Article (12)

The Secretary General shall be the executive manager of the Authority, and he shall be responsible before the Minister for the implementation of the Authority's policy and plans and administer its affairs; and shall for this purpose be entrusted with the following tasks and powers:

a- Implement the Board's resolutions;

b- Prepare and submit to the Board the project of the annual budget;

c- Coordinate the performance of the Authority's projects and ensure cooperation between its technical and administrative departments.

d- Administer the affairs of the Authority's staff and employees;
e- Supervise the Authority's administrative and financial affairs and supplies.

Article (13)

a- The Authority shall have its own cadre of staff and employees. Terms of employment including appointment, termination of services or dismissal, definition of salaries, allowances, remunerations, duties, rights and all other administrative matters related to them shall be set in accordance with the regulations issued under this Law and any amendments thereon, until the provisions of the Civil Service Regulation of 1988 or any substituted law, are applied thereon.

b- Staff and employees working for other Governmental bodies, official institutions and authorities as well as Municipal Departments set out in paragraph (A) of Article (23) of this Law, shall be transferred to the Authority by virtue of the decisions issued by the Minister, in accordance with the Authority's needs of such staff and employees. Those transferred to the Authority shall reserve all the rights and obligations thereof. Their services at such bodies, institutions, authorities and municipalities shall be counted as part of their services at the Authority, provided that the provisions of the Civil Pension Law shall not be applied except on the employees who were previously classified for pension and who choose to continue receiving the salaries they already receive or supposed to receive in accordance with the applicable Civil Service Regulation. All pension deductions from their previous salaries prior to being transferred to the Authority shall be transferred to the Pension Fund at the Ministry of Finance.

c- The services of staff and employees who are not to be transferred to the Authority shall be terminated upon the resolutions issued by the Minister in accordance with provisions of the applicable Civil Service Regulation and personnel regulations.
Article (14)

The Capital of the Authority shall consist of:
1- Government's contributions;
2- The movables and immovable assets transferred from the Government to the Authority;
3- The funds agreed upon by the Cabinet of Ministers to be added to the Capital of the Authority according to the Accepted accounting principles;
4- Donations and subsides paid to the Authority as accepted by the Cabinet of Ministers and added to its Capital.

Article (15)

The Financial Resources of the Authority shall consist of:
1- Revenues from water prices, fees, subscriptions, deposits and other proceeds that the Authority may collect for its services;
2- Income from the movables and immovable funds owned by the Authority and the income of the investment projects carried out thereby;
3- Loans, donations and subsidies paid to the Authority and the Cabinet of Ministers decided to accept;
4- Any other source of income to the Authority.

Article (16)

The Authority funds including the funds of the companies owned by the Authority including the funds collected for another body, shall be all deemed Public Funds and shall be collected according to the provisions of the applicable Amerie Funds Collecting Act or any other alternative Law. For this purpose, the Secretary General shall be entitled to exercise the powers of the Administrative Governor and the Amerie Funds Collecting Committee stipulated in the mentioned Act.
Article (17)

a- The Authority, upon the Board resolution, shall be entitled to deposit the funds thereof in one or more licensed banks in the Kingdom.
b- The Financial Affairs of the Authority shall be regulated by virtue of a special regulation to be issued under this Law. Until then, such affairs shall be regulated under the instructions of the Board.

Article (18)

The accounts and records of the Authority shall be organized according to the accepted accounting principles and shall be audited by chartered auditors. The Board shall appoint the said auditors and specify their fees. The Cabinet of Ministers may also entrust the Audit Bureau to check the Authority's accounts.

Article (19)

The Authority, with the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers and upon the recommendation of the Minister of Finance and the Governor of the Central Bank, shall have the right to issue Debt Bonds or Loans Certificates or any other bonds according to the applicable Laws. The terms and rates of interest for such bonds shall be determined by the Cabinet of Ministers.

Article (20)

The Authority shall enjoy the same exemptions and facilities enjoyed by other Ministries and governmental departments.

Article (21)

a- The ownership of any land which contains ground wells shall not be transferred unless all the required amounts are paid to the Authority. If the ownership is to be transferred to a non-Jordanian person, it must be approved by the Cabinet of Ministers.
b- Upon enforcing the provisions of this Law, all the buildings already established in the Kingdom or that will be established afterwards, except for the houses of worship, shall be subject to pay an annual contribution amounted to (3%) of the net annual rental value as evaluated for the building for the purpose of paying taxes in accordance with the applicable Tax Law on buildings and lands within the municipalities, whether the building is exempted from such tax or not. Such contribution shall be collected with the tax on buildings and lands by the Ministry of Finance or by any official body or municipality authorized by the Minister of Finance within the regions of the municipalities and such contributions shall be transferred to the Authority for being one of its financial revenues.

c- The amounts of the annual contributions under collection or already collected by any of the municipalities and the official bodies in the Kingdom after twenty years as of the maturity dates thereof till the date of enforcing the provisions of this Law, shall be deemed as secretariats for the benefit of the assigned body. Clearance of such amounts and the entitlements due shall be carried out for the interest of the Water Authority in the Ministry of Finance or the Greater Amman Municipality or any other municipality falling within the same tax region.

d- Notwithstanding what is stated in any other legislation, no governmental department, official or civil institution, or any natural or judicial body shall be exempted from the fees or charges for the construction, extension and contribution in the cost of any project or from the prices, wages and utilization fees gained or charged for the service rendered by the Authority, according to the provisions of this Law.

Article (22)

The Authority shall:

a- Allocate an amount of minimum 10 percent of its annual net profit as a compulsory reserve, provided that the total of this reserve shall
not exceed 20 percent of the Authority's Capital at the end of the fiscal year.
b- Allocate the balance of the net profit to finance the Authority's projects prescribed in the plans thereof and transfer the excess to the Government Treasury, if the Cabinet of Ministers so decides.

Article (23)

a- With consideration to the contents of paragraph (b) of this Article, all duties, powers, obligations and rights related to water and sewerage, which were previously the responsibility of any governmental department, institution or any official public authority or municipality, shall be transferred to the Authority. To fulfill these duties, powers and obligations, the Authority shall be responsible for the following:

1- Establish specialized departments responsible for implementing the Authority's duties, powers and obligations;

2- Establish Water Departments all over the Kingdom. Each department shall have a Water Council composed of representatives from the official and civil bodies concerned with water and sewerage. This is to allow citizens and local authorities to participate in deciding priorities regarding water and sewerage projects and set up the implementation programs thereof;

3- Purchase, acquire or lease properties, lands and related easement rights, including the water rights required for the various projects of the Authority, and ensure the necessary prohibited area for the water and sewerage networks and the related buildings and construction thereof;

4- Manufacture and produce the supplies needed for the Authority's water and sewerage works and provide all the supplies necessary for water and sewerage projects.
5- Take the necessary action to ensure technical control on the construction, operation and maintenance of all water and sewerage projects;

6-a- Collect data and information related to the water needs of the Kingdom for various uses as well as the information related to the water consumption and utilize such data for future planning to provide the Kingdom’s needs of water and to conserve its consumption;

b- Keep records, including detailed technical and financial information and other information related to construction, maintenance and operation costs for each of the Authority's projects.

b- The bodies set out in paragraph (a) of this Article shall continue to exercise the duties, powers and obligations related to water and sewerage which are entitled thereto under the applicable laws and regulations until the Cabinet of Ministers decides to transfer such duties and powers to the Authority, in accordance with the methods and stages the Cabinet of Ministers deems fit to be practiced by the Authority under this Law, including transferring all funds, moveables and immovable assets, equipment, administrative departments and units as well as other units affiliated to such bodies to the Authority. The legal and actual existence of the said bodies shall be set out upon the decision of transfer.

c- The Authority shall be deemed the actual and legal successor of the bodies, institutions, authorities and municipalities set out in paragraph (1) of this Article after the completion of all the procedures of transferring their powers and responsibilities to the Authority; and shall carry out the tasks, duties, rights and obligation which were possessed by such bodies, institutions, authorities and municipalities or carried out thereby. For this purpose, the Authority shall then execute the contracts and agreements previously concluded by such bodies, institutions, authorities and municipalities and fulfill their obligations as if they were concluded by the Authority.
Article (24)

The governmental lands included within a strip of 1000 meters on each side of the center line of the water lines and the main irrigation canals shall be designated for the development of the governmental irrigation projects, socially and economically. These lands shall not be disposed of or used in any manner except with the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers upon the recommendation of the Minister.

Article (24) bis

a-1- The Authority shall have the right to extend the public or private streams or the maintenance thereof within the road maintenance. If this is not applicable for technical reasons, the Authority shall, upon its discretion, extend such streams within the private lands and property.

2- The Authority shall take the precautionary procedures to avoid damage upon extension of the sewerage stream within the private lands and properties in accordance with principles set out by virtue of the instructions issued by the Minister for that purpose. In all cases, the Authority or the assigned body thereby shall be liable to restore everything to what it was before executing the extension.

3- The Authority shall estimate the amount of compensation to be paid to the owner of the private property if it is damaged. The owner shall be entitled to negotiate with the Authority or refer to judiciary.

b- The Authority shall be entitled to enter the private lands and properties for the implementation of the works mentioned in Item (1) of paragraph (A) of this Article and for this purpose it shall be assisted by the administrative governor or the public security personnel, when necessary.

Article (25)

a- All water resources available within the boundaries of the Kingdom shall be deemed a State owned property, whether they are on the surface or the bottom of the land or in the regional waters, in the
rivers or in the internal seas. They shall not be used or transported except in compliance with the provisions of this Law.

b- Any water resources that are not under the management, responsibility or supervision of the Authority shall not be used in excess of personal or domestic needs or other acceptable private usage; nor in excess of legal water rights in accordance with the applicable laws and regulation including the applicable drinking and irrigation rights in the area of land which contains that resource.

c- All natural and judicial bodies shall be prohibited to sell water from any source or grant or transport it without a prior written consent of the Authority and as per the terms and conditions set out or included in the contracts or the agreements concluded between them and the Authority.

d- All persons on whom the provisions of paragraph (b) and (c) of this Article are applicable, shall adjust their conditions to suit these provisions within a period of three months as of the effective date of this Law. Otherwise, such persons will be subject to the legal and other penalties stated in these Articles.

**Article (26)**

If the Authority and the owner did not agree on the amount of compensation to be paid against acquisition of lands and properties and the rights related thereto as well as the rights or projects of water and sewerage, then either party may appeal to the Court to specify the amount in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Acquisition Law. They may also agree to refer the case to arbitration in accordance with the applicable Arbitration Law.

**Article (27)**

No official or civil body or any other person shall carry out any works related to water and sewerage that fall within the sole responsibility of
the Authority under this Law and under the regulations issued in accordance therewith, except after the written consent of the Minister.

**Article (28)**

a- The Cabinet of Ministers, upon the recommendation of the Minister, may assign any of the Authority's duties, projects, implementation of any phase or any part thereof, to any other body in the public or private sector or to a public joint stock company or a limited liability companies entirely owned by the Authority or in which the Authority have a capital share therein. This may include transferring the management of these projects, leasing them or a temporary transfer of ownership to any of these bodies in accordance with the terms and periods prescribed in the contracts concluded for this purpose, provided that the effective legal provisions related to lease and transfer of ownership shall be considered.

b- In cases where contracts are concluded to transfer or lease projects management, the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers shall be included which authorizes the employees of the contracted bodies to exercise some of the powers assigned to the employees of the Authority under the applicable legislations related to the implementation of works.

**Article (29)**

The Authority shall submit to the Cabinet of Ministers a report including its works, general budget, accounts and the final balance sheet for the previous year.

**Article (30)**

a- Taking into consideration any severe penalty set out in any other law, anyone shall be sentenced to prison for minimum one year and maximum five years, and shall be fined minimum JD 2000 and maximum JD 7000, if he committed any of the following deeds:
1- Commit violation to the potable and main water lines;
2- Commit violation to the sewerage plants and water pumping, desalination and purification plants;
3- Polluted the wells and springs used for drinking as well as water tanks, pumping and desalination plants and the potable and main water lines owned by the Authority;
4- Drilled unlicensed ground water wells;

b- With consideration to the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Article, anyone shall be sentenced to prison for minimum one year and maximum three years, and shall be fined minimum JD 5000, if he committed violation to any of the Authority's projects, water resources or sewerage projects that are under the management or supervision of the Authority in a manner that caused damage to any of the constructions, machines, devices or materials owned by the Authority or to such projects or sewerage projects or caused the obstruction of any.

c- Anyone shall be sentenced to prison for minimum one year and maximum three years, or shall be fined to minimum JD 1000 and maximum JD 5000, if he committed any of the following deeds:

1- Establish any construction or buildings of any kind on the State-owned lands within the land strip set out in Article (24) of this Law;
2- Violated the conditions set out in the licensed granted for drilling, deepening or cleaning ground wells or any other license granted pursuant to the provisions of the related effective legislations;
3- Place drilling machines in another place than the allocated ones thereof without the prior written consent of the Authority.

d- Anyone shall be sentenced to prison for minimum four months and maximum two years, or shall be fined to minimum JD 1000 and maximum JD 3000, if he committed any of the following deeds:
1- Carry out any of the Authority's works prescribed by virtue of the provisions of this Law and the regulations issued thereby without a
prior written consent of the Authority, including disposal of the water resources, water or projects related to the Authority or any of the public sewerage projects in a manner that violates the provisions of this Law, including selling, granting, transferring, using or utilizing water;

2- Carry out any act or deed that cause damage to such resources, water or projects related to the Authority or using the sewerage projects in a manner that violates the provisions of this Law and the regulations issued thereby;

3- Carry out any work related to water or sewerage without obtaining the licenses, permissions or approvals in accordance with the provisions of this Law; or carry out any of such acts in violation with the provisions of this law and the regulations issued thereby.

e- The provisions set out in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this Article shall be applied on every one who participated, involved, provocative in committing the crime.

f- The provisions set out in this Article shall be applied to the Authority's projects managed by any body in accordance with Article (18) of this Law as well as the projects and facilities under the management or supervision of any of the companies owned by the Authority.

g- 1- For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Law, the Authority's employees and the staff of the Authority owned companies, who are defined by the Minister or the Secretary General shall have the capacity of notary officers.

2- The Secretary General shall take the decision of canceling the violations committed on the lands, water and facilities within the region related to the Authority, with administrative methods provided that the violator shall incur the costs. He shall refer to the Public Security personnel or any other body for this purpose, as required.
the provisions and procedures related to the protection of these projects are set out in accordance with the instructions of the Cabinet of Ministers, upon the recommendation of the Minister.

Article (32)

Taking in account the provisions of Article (23) of this Law, any other legislation shall be cancelled for the term in which it comes into conflict with the provisions of this Law including (Law of Public Sewers for Municipalities and the Regions of Regulation No. (12) of 1977 and Law of Water Authority and Sewerage in the Capital’s Secretary No. (48) of 1977) and the amendments thereof.

Article (33)

The Cabinet of Ministers shall issue the regulations, as it may deem fit, for the enforcement of this law including the regulations for employees, financial affairs, requirements, and other matters related to the Authority, fees, wages, and insurances completed by the Authority against the services it provides pursuant to this Law.

Article (34)

The Prime Minister and the Ministers shall be assigned to enforce the provisions of this Law.

12/3/1988